

**N11 Sheet 1 – True or false?**

$\sqrt{9} + \sqrt{4} = \sqrt{13}$	$\sqrt{2} = 1.4142136$
$\sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3} = 3$	$\sqrt{2} = 1.414213562$
$\sqrt{9} \times \sqrt{4} = \sqrt{36}$	$\sqrt{2} = 1.4142$
$\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2} = 2\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{9} - \sqrt{4} = \sqrt{5}$
$4\sqrt{3} + 5\sqrt{3} = 9\sqrt{3}$	$\frac{\sqrt{36}}{\sqrt{4}} = \sqrt{9}$
$2\sqrt{3} \times 4\sqrt{3} = 8\sqrt{3}$	

$a, b, x$  and  $y$  are positive integers.

Fill in = or  $\neq$

$\sqrt{a} + \sqrt{b}$	$\sqrt{a + b}$	$\sqrt{x^2} + \sqrt{y^2}$	$x + y$
$\sqrt{a} - \sqrt{b}$	$\sqrt{a - b}$	$\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$	$x + y$
$\sqrt{a} \times \sqrt{b}$	$\sqrt{ab}$	$\sqrt{x^2} \times \sqrt{y^2}$	$xy$
$\sqrt{\frac{a}{b}}$	$\frac{\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{b}}$	$\sqrt{\frac{x^2}{y^2}}$	$\frac{x}{y}$

**N11 Sheet 2 – Show that**

**Show that**  $(\sqrt{3} + 2)(\sqrt{3} + 4) = 11 + 6\sqrt{3}$

1

**Show that**  $(\sqrt{5} - 2)(\sqrt{5} + 3) = \sqrt{5} - 1$

2

**Show that**  $(2\sqrt{3} - 1)(2\sqrt{3} + 1) = 11$

3

**Show that**  $\sqrt{18} \times \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{50} = -4$

4

**Show that**  $\sqrt{3} + 2(3\sqrt{3} - 1) = 7\sqrt{3} - 2$

5

**Show that**  $(\sqrt{3})^2 + (3\sqrt{2})^2 = 21$

6

**N11 Card set A – Equivalent surds**

$\sqrt{18} = 3\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{72} = 6\sqrt{2}$
$\sqrt{45} = 3\sqrt{5}$	$\sqrt{50} = 5\sqrt{2}$
$\sqrt{32} = 4\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{90} = 3\sqrt{10}$
$\sqrt{28} = 2\sqrt{7}$	$\sqrt{54} = 3\sqrt{6}$
$\sqrt{20} = 2\sqrt{5}$	$\sqrt{8} = 2\sqrt{2}$
$\sqrt{128} = 8\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{75} = 5\sqrt{3}$
$\sqrt{63} = 3\sqrt{7}$	$\sqrt{48} = 4\sqrt{3}$

## N11 Card set B – Surd dominoes

Note: there are twenty dominoes in the set

$\sqrt{8}$	$\sqrt{18} + 3\sqrt{2}$	$3\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{90}$
$\sqrt{80}$	$\frac{\sqrt{50}}{5}$	$6\sqrt{2}$	$2\sqrt{3} \times 5\sqrt{3}$
$\sqrt{2}$	$\frac{\sqrt{72}}{\sqrt{3}}$	$12\sqrt{6}$	$\sqrt{40} \times \sqrt{90}$
$3\sqrt{10}$	$\frac{\sqrt{54}}{\sqrt{6}}$	60	Finish
40	$\frac{\sqrt{84}}{2}$	$2\sqrt{6}$	$\sqrt{8} + \sqrt{2}$
9	$\frac{8 + \sqrt{48}}{4}$	$5 + 2\sqrt{6}$	$(\sqrt{3})^4$
30	$\sqrt{8} \times \sqrt{50}$	3	$\sqrt{128}$
Start	$\sqrt{3}(2\sqrt{3} - 1)$	20	$\sqrt{10} \times \sqrt{8}$
$2 + \sqrt{3}$	$3\sqrt{2} \times 4\sqrt{3}$	$8\sqrt{2}$	$2\sqrt{5} \times 4\sqrt{5}$
$6 - \sqrt{3}$	$2\sqrt{2}$	$\sqrt{21}$	$(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})^2$